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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/943,955	09/943,955 08/31/2001		Arulkumar P. Shanmugasundram	asundram 5918/04/FPS/MMCS/APC/DV 2623	
32588	7590	05/05/2004		EXAMINER	
APPLIED	MATERI	IALS, INC.	UMEZ ERONINI, LYNETTE T		
2881 SCOTT BLVD. M/S 2061 SANTA CLARA, CA 95050				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1765 DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	Office Action Common one	09/943,955	SHANMUGASUNDRAM ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Lynette T. Umez-Eronini	1765				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failuting	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION Insigns of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a recommunication period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period recommunication to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE.	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 i	February 2004.					
2a)	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	on of Claims		•				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.					
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) 28-33 is/are withdra						
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6 <u>)</u> 🛛	Ciaim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.		: .				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	÷.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers	•					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		<i>:</i>				
,—	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received in Applicat	ion No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri-	ority documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage				
	application from the International Burea		•				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachmen							
· ==	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) [_] Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	•				
3) 🛛 Infor	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date 12/18/2003.		Patent Application (PTO-152)				
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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of claims 1-27 in Paper filed 2/5/2004 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the distinctness of claims drawn to a polishing method in Group I and the claims drawn to a polishing apparatus in Group II was not made cleared; there is no serious burden on the Examiner in examining the inventions of Group I, II, and III; and amending claim 29 and adding linking claim 33, render the restriction improper. This is not found persuasive because it has been shown that the inventions of Group I and II are distinct because the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, such as one that does not require a carrier assembly having a plurality of arms; it has been shown that Groups I, II, and III are drawn to different inventions and each have different class/subclass, which would be a burden to the examiner to search different inventions; and last, the restriction of the claimed invention was based on the original presentation of the claims, and not the addition of amended claim 33. For the purpose of restriction, claim 33 falls with Group II claims 28 and 29.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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3. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

On lines 1-2, "wherein the first polishing recipe is determined empirically" is indefinite because its meaning is unclear.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was

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not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Claims 1-3, 5, and 14-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yu et al. (US 5,240,552).

Li teaches a method for chemically mechanically planarizing (CMP) a semiconductor wafer includes directing acoustic waves at the wafer, receiving reflected acoustic wave form the wafer during the cmp process, and analyzing the acoustic waves data and reflected acoustic waves data to determine the thickness of the wafer. The process parameters of the cmp process can then be adjusted as required to improve the uniformity of the process. The parameters include the time, rotational speed, wafer backside pressure down force, and polishing slurry composition (Abstract and column 3. line 53 – column 4, line 48; and column 5, lines 11-65). Li further teaches use a computer (same as applicants' recordable medium) to analyze the wave signals and use this information to develop a thickness map or a similar criteria for evaluating the characteristics of a wafer during the cmp process and adjust the cmp parameters as required (column 6, lines 22 – column 7, line 5). The aforementioned reads on,

A method of producing a uniform wafer thickness in a polishing operation, comprising

a) providing a model for a wafer polishing that defines a region on a wafer and identifies a wafer material removal rate in a polishing step for the regions; and

(b) polishing a wafer using a polishing recipe that generates a target thickness profile for the region, in claims 1, 3, 5, and 15-17;

A method of controlling surface non-uniformity of a wafer in a polishing operation, comprising: a) providing a model for a wafer polishing that defines a region on a wafer and identifies a wafer material removal rate in a polishing step of a polishing process for the region, wherein the polishing process comprises a plurality of polishing steps;

- b) polishing a wafer using a first polishing recipe based upon an incoming wafer thickness profile;
- c) determining a wafer thickness profile for the post-polished wafer of step (b); and
- d) calculating an updated polishing recipe based upon the wafer thickness profile of step (c) and the model of step (a) to maintain a target wafer thickness profile, in claim 2; and

A method of determining a model for wafer thickness profile, comprising:

- (a) measuring pre-polished wafer thickness in a region defined on one or more wafers;
- (b) polishing the one or more wafers, wherein polishing comprises polishing the one or more wafers in a plurality of polishing steps;
- (c) measuring the wafer material removal rate for the one or more wafers at each of the plurality of regions after each of the polishing steps of step (b);

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(d) providing a model defining the effect of tool state on polishing effectiveness;

and

(e) recording the pre-polished and post-polished wafer thicknesses for each or

the regions on a recordable medium, in claims 21-24 and 27.

Li differs in failing to teach providing a model for wafer polishing for a plurality of

regions on a wafer, in claims 1, 2, 14, and 21.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of the time of

the claimed invention to employ Li's method of polishing a single wafer surface as well

as plurality of regions on a wafer as claimed by applicants for the purpose of

determining the end point detection during a semiconductor cmp process.

Li further differs in failing to teach the equations as recited in claims 18-20 and

25-26.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of

the claimed invention to use known mathematical methods to formulate and model

equations polishing semiconductors for the purpose of fitting experimental data to a

real-time process.

8. Claims 6-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Li

(US '552) as applied to claim 1 above.

Li differs in failing to specify the number and type of polishing stations used in the

polishing step.

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of the time of the claimed invention to employ known methods of polishing a wafer in a polishing station as well as in a plurality of polishing stations as claimed by applicants for the

purpose of speeding up the step of polishing semiconductor wafers.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Lynette T. Umez-Eronini whose telephone number is

571-272-1470. The examiner is normally unavailable on the First Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Nadine Norton can be reached on 571-272-1465. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

NADINE G. NORTON
SUPERVISORY PATENT SYANDARD

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May 3, 2004